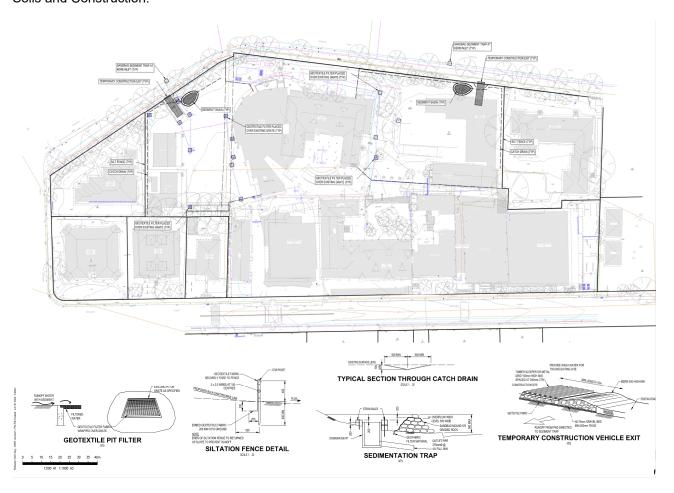


Construction Soil and Water Management Plan

A construction soil and water management plan has been developed by TTW Civil Engineers and is to be incorporated into this project, as per the below excerpt from TTW "Erosion and Sediment Control Plan and Details" Drawing No. C021. All works will be carried out in accordance with local authority requirements, EPA Pollution Control Manual for Urban Stormwater and Landcom NSW – Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction.



The measures to be implemented include:

Entry and Exits

A purpose made construction exit similar to a "cattle-grid" is to be provided. The cattle grid will ensure that the tyres of the vehicles existing the site are shaken to remove excess soils prior to driving on the public roadway.

- Exit Cattle Grid will be located in the 30-32 Redmyre site (Redmyre Rd driveway)
- Exit Cattle Grid will be located in the 30-32 Redmyre site (Margaret St driveway)

Silt Fencing

Silt fencing to the following zones will be installed to ensure all sediment from the construction works are contained within the site:

- Along the Redmyre Rd frontage of 28, 30 and 32 Redmyre Rd
- Along the Margaret St frontage of 30-32 Redmyre Rd



Haybale

Haybale will be installed at strategic locations around the site, to intercept all site waterflows and trap sediment. TTW have provided indicative locations for Haybale, however construction site waterflows will be observed when construction commenced, and Haybale will be laid accordingly.

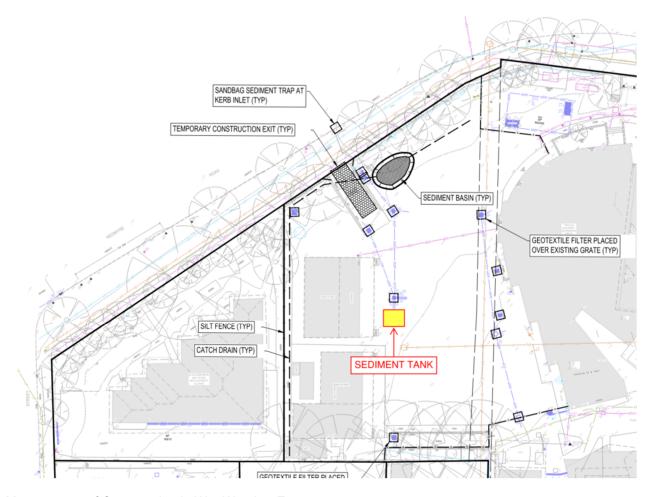
Geotextile Filters

All pits in and within the immediate vicinity of the construction site will be covered with Geotextile Fabric to ensure only clean water is charged into the stormwater system. Fabric will be maintained and replaced when rips or tears begin to occur.

Temporary Sediment Trap

A temporary sediment trap is to be construction in the north of the site (adjacent to the existing oval). The sediment trap will have a sediment storage volume of 6m3 and a total storage volume of 17m3. The sediment trap will be provided with a temporary 300mm dia. Connect to an existing pit. The sediment trap will also be routinely cleaned out for maximum efficiency.

As part of the proposed development, a permanent OSD and Rainwater Tank is to be installed in the location of the temporary sediment trap. At the time of construction, the permanent OSD and Rainwater Tank, an alternate sediment tank with flocking facilities shall be temporarily installed on site should it be necessary to control sediment and water-run off.



Management of Construction in Wet-Weather Events

As this project includes the excavation for a 2-storey basement, a sediment tank will be installed and located within the site to hold any rainwater or the like from wet-weather events. To prevent sediments from entering the public stormwater system when pumping out the collected water, coagulants are added to the water in



the sediment tank to create a floc with the unsettled particles. This process will prevent the contamination of the stormwater system.

Off-Site Flows from Site

Off-site flows from site include the pump out of water collected in the sediment tank into the public stormwater system. As there may be sediments in the water collected on site, coagulants are added to water in the sediment tank to create floc which prevents potential contamination of the stormwater system. Any solids in the water will be collected and disposed of in a bin which will be emptied at a licensed waste facility.

A vehicle wash down area will be located at the two exit driveways to remove any soil or debris from vehicles before exiting site. This will prevent tracking on the road networks. Cattle grids installed on top of DGB will be located at the exits and water will drain into through the DGB into the ground.

Measures to Manage Stormwater and Flood Flows

The following measures will be implemented to manage stormwater and flood flows for small and large sized events:

- Controlling erosion and managing stormwater during construction works is achieved by/ carried out in accordance with:
- Assessing all drains, gutters and areas upon which water may collect and implementing control measures using a Sediment Control Plan.
- Identifying where the natural falls of the site are and ensuring that sediment filters such as straw bales filters, gravel surface barriers, sandbags, pit baskets or geo-textile mesh screens are installed at runoff points, remain effective and are maintained during construction (to Council requirements).
- Sediment controls and practices are maintained during the project. Sediment controls are adhered to as per council and water catchment requirements.
- Cleaning rumble grids as required. Filtering water run-off from cleaning the grid must be filtered before exiting the site.
- Retaining natural vegetation to absorb water flows and to minimise dust. Ensure that revegetation occurs as soon as possible after the completion of works.
- Ensuring that waste materials such as paint, concrete slurries and chemicals are not discharged into a stormwater drain. Facilities are provided to enable paint brushes, rollers and spray equipment are cleaned without discharge of by-product into the stormwater system.
- Wastewater is collected and treated from concrete or tile cutting, by connecting to a wash-down system.

